



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Platinum Snow Foam - Power Maxed

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Platinum Snow Foam - Power Maxed

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Detergent.

Uses advised against Use only for intended applications.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Power Maxed
3B Wellington Road
Waterloo Park
Bidford on Avon
Warwickshire
B50 4JH
United Kingdom
+44 (0) 1789 330 668
info@powermaxed.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone As Above - Opening Hours 9 am - 5 pm (Monday - Friday)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H315 Causes skin irritation.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.

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| | |
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| Precautionary statements | P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. |
| | P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. |
| | P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. |
| | P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| | P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. |
| | P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label). |
| | P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. |
| P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. | |

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|-----------------|---|
| Contains | Ammonium C12-14 (even numbered) alkyl sulphates, Non-ionic Surfactant, Alkyl Amidopropyl Betaine, tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate |
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2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

| |
|---|
| Ammonium C12-14 (even numbered) alkyl sulphates 30-60% |
| CAS number: 32612-48-9 EC number: 608-760-0 |
| Classification Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 |
| Non-ionic Surfactant 5-10% |
| CAS number: — |
| Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 |
| Alkyl Amidopropyl Betaine 5-10% |
| CAS number: — EC number: 931-296-8 REACH registration number: 01-2119488533-30-XXXX |
| Classification Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 |
| propan-2-ol 1-5% |
| CAS number: 67-63-0 EC number: 200-661-7 REACH registration number: 01-2119457558-25-XXXX |
| Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 |

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| tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate | | | 1-5% |
| CAS number: 64-02-8 | EC number: 200-573-9 | REACH registration number: 01-2119486762-27-XXXX | |
| Classification | | | |
| Acute Tox. 4 - H302 | | | |
| Acute Tox. 4 - H332 | | | |
| Eye Dam. 1 - H318 | | | |
| STOT RE 2 - H373 | | | |

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| General information | Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. |
| Inhalation | Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. |
| Skin contact | Rinse with water. |
| Eye contact | Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. |
| Protection of first aiders | First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| General information | See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. |
| Inhalation | Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. |
| Ingestion | May cause irritation. |
| Skin contact | Redness. Irritating to skin. |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness. |

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

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Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Hazardous combustion products Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Neutralise with acid. Caution. May generate heat. Following dilution and neutralisation, discharge to the sewer with plenty of water may be permitted. The requirements of the local water authority must be complied with if contaminated water is flushed directly to the sewer. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

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Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store away from the following materials: Acids. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

Storage class Acid-reactive storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Non-ionic Surfactant

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

propan-2-ol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Ammonium C12-14 (even numbered) alkyl sulphates (CAS: 32612-48-9)

DNEL

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 4060 mg/kg
 Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 285 mg/m³
 Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 2440 mg/kg
 Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 85 mg/m³
 Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 24 mg/m³

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PNEC

Fresh water; 0.1016 mg/l
 marine water; 0.01016 mg/l
 Intermittent release; 0.036 mg/l
 STP; 1084 mg/l
 Sediment (Freshwater); 3.58 mg/kg
 Sediment (Marinewater); 0.358 mg/kg
 Soil; 0.654 mg/kg

Alkyl Amidopropyl Betaine

DNEL

Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 44 mg/m³
 Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 12.5 mg/kg
 Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 7.5 mg/kg
 Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 7.5 mg/kg

PNEC

Fresh water; 0.0135 mg/l
 marine water; 0.00135 mg/l
 STP; 3000 mg/l

propan-2-ol (CAS: 67-63-0)

DNEL

Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 888 mg/kg/day
 Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 500 mg/m³
 Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 319 mg/kg/day
 Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 89 mg/m³
 Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day

PNEC

Fresh water; 140.9 mg/l
 marine water; 140.9 mg/l
 Intermittent release; 140.9 mg/l
 STP; 2251 mg/l
 Sediment; 552 mg/kg
 Soil; 28 mg/kg
 Secondary poisoning.; 160 mg/kg

tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate (CAS: 64-02-8)

DNEL

Consumer - Inhalation; Short term : 1.5 mg/m³
 Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 1.5 mg/m³
 Consumer - Oral; Long term : 25 mg/kg/day

PNEC

Fresh water; 2.2 mg/l
 marine water; 0.22 mg/l
 Intermittent release; 1.2 mg/l
 Soil; 0.72 mg/kg
 STP; 43 mg/l

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts (CAS: 68891-38-3)

DNEL

Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 2750 mg/kg
 Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 175 mg/m³
 Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1650 mg/kg
 Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 52 mg/m³
 Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 15 mg/kg

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PNEC

Fresh water; 0.24 mg/l
 marine water; 0.024 mg/l
 Intermittent release; 0.071 mg/l
 STP; 10000 mg/l
 Sediment (Freshwater); 0.9168 mg/kg
 Sediment (Marinewater); 0.09168 mg/kg
 Soil; 7.5 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.

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Environmental exposure controls Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Store in a demarcated banded area to prevent release to drains and/or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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|---|---|
| Appearance | Liquid. |
| Colour | Grey. |
| Odour | Characteristic. |
| Odour threshold | Not determined. |
| pH | pH (concentrated solution): ~8 |
| Melting point | Not determined. |
| Initial boiling point and range | Not determined. |
| Flash point | Not determined. |
| Evaporation rate | Not determined. |
| Evaporation factor | Not determined. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not determined. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | Not determined. |
| Other flammability | Not determined. |
| Vapour pressure | Not determined. |
| Vapour density | Not determined. |
| Relative density | ~ 1 |
| Bulk density | Not determined. |
| Solubility(ies) | Soluble in water. |
| Partition coefficient | Not determined. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not determined. |
| Decomposition Temperature | Not determined. |
| Viscosity | Not determined. |
| Explosive properties | Not determined. |
| Explosive under the influence of a flame | Not considered to be explosive. |
| Oxidising properties | Not determined. |
| Comments | Information given is applicable to the product as supplied. |

9.2. Other information

| | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Other information | No relevant information available. |
| Refractive index | Not determined. |

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|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Particle size | Not determined. |
| Molecular weight | Not determined. |
| Volatility | Not determined. |
| Saturation concentration | Not determined. |
| Critical temperature | Not determined. |
| Volatile organic compound | Not determined. |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions No potentially hazardous reactions known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Acid anhydrides. Acids. Phenols, cresols.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 8,347.78

Acute toxicity - dermal

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l) 137.64

Skin corrosion/irritation

Summary Causes skin irritation.

Extreme pH Moderate pH (> 2 and < 11.5).

Serious eye damage/irritation

Summary Causes serious eye damage.

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Respiratory sensitisation

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information

The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation

Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

Ingestion

May cause irritation.

Skin contact

Redness. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact

Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

Route of exposure

Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs

No specific target organs known.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The surfactant(s) contained in this product complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 on detergents.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

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Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems. The product is non-volatile.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant
No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

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Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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|-----------------------------|--|
| National regulations | Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. |
| EU legislation | Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 on detergents (as amended). |

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

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|---|--|
| Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet | ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. LC ₅₀ : Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD ₅₀ : Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). EC ₅₀ : 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative. |
| Classification abbreviations and acronyms | Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation |
| Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 | Eye Dam. 1 - H318: Skin Irrit. 2 - H315: : Calculation method. |
| Training advice | Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material. |
| Revision date | 17/11/2020 |

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| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Revision | 1 |
| Hazard statements in full | H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H373 May cause damage to organs (Respiratory system, lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.